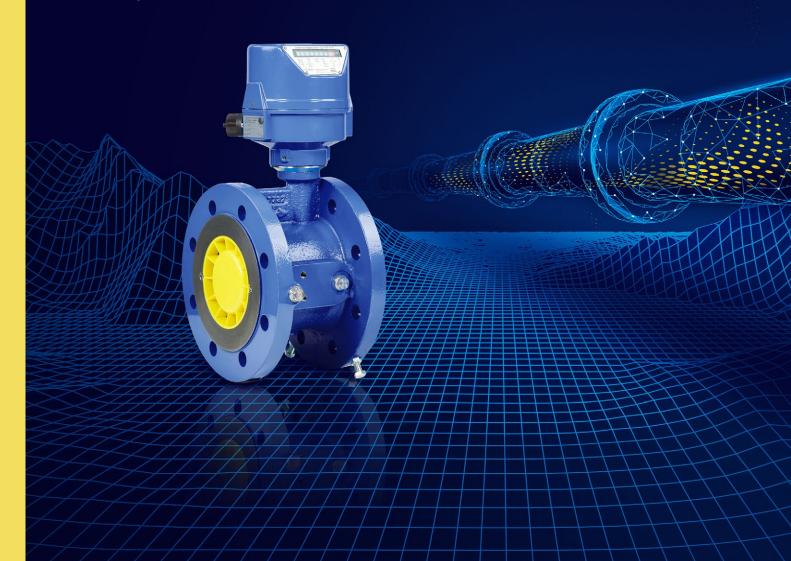


# VOLUMETER TRZ 03-K

The volumeter TRZ 03-K is the ideal flow meter for gas measurement in industrial applications, which are not under custody control: Providing high precison and reliability but nevertheless cost effective.



# METHOD OF OPERATION, CONSTRUCTION

#### Method of operation

The TRZ 03-K Volumeter is a flow meter suitable for metering gases, where the rate of flow is indicated by a mechanical totalizer in units of volume (cubic meters at flowing conditions) under prevailing pressure and temperature.

The gas flow is constricted to a definite cross section and drives a coaxially mounted turbine wheel. The speed of the turbine wheel, which is proportional to the flow rate, is reduced by gearing and transmitted to the mechanical digital index.

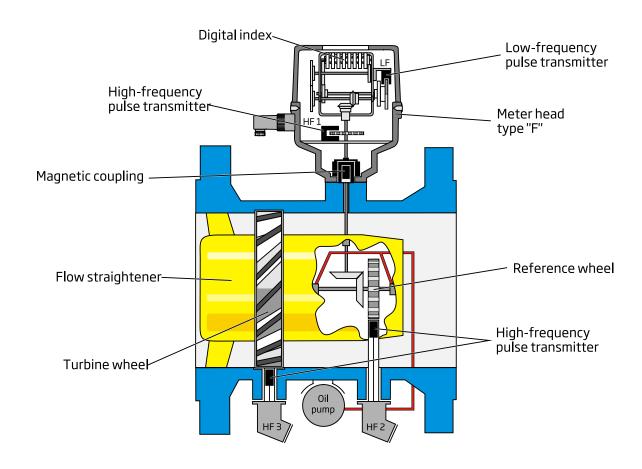
#### Construction

The meter case comprises the measuring element with the turbine wheel. A flow straightener located upstream of the measuring element substantially eliminates turbulences and swirl from the gas flow and directs the gas onto the turbine blades.

The rotary motion generated by the turbine wheel is transmitted by a magnetic coupling from the pressurized meter case to the unpressurized meter head.

The number of rotations is reduced by gearing in the meter head, which can be adjusted by selecting an appropriate pair of adjusting gears, so that cubic meters at flowing conditions are indicated by the mechanical totalizer. A reed contact (or an inductive sensor) located on the mechanical totalizer provides low-frequency pulses whose number is proportional to the volume at actual conditions flowed through.

In the case of larger nominal sizes and a higher pressure rating, the TRZ 03-K can be fitted with inductive high-frequency sensors scanning the turbine wheel (HF 3) and the reference wheel (HF 2). The reference wheel is a cam wheel located on the same shaft as the turbine wheel which enables the turbine wheel to be monitored.



# FEATURES, MATERIALS

#### **Features**

LF-Pulse transmitter (in the meter head)

Standard: reed contact

Alternatively: inductive pulse transmitter
Option: up to 3 LF pulse transmitters

possible

#### HF-pulse transmitter(Option)

 In the meter head: Inductive pulse transmitter (HF 1), pulse frequency at Q<sub>max</sub> approx. 100 Hz.

• In the meter case:

Inductive pulse transmitter for scanning

- the blades of the turbine wheel (HF 3, from DN 80)
- the cams of the reference wheel (HF 2, from DN 100)

All inductive pulse transmitters provide volume pulses in compliance with NAMUR.

#### Meter head (type "F")

- Protection class IP 65
- Universally readable
- Totalizer unit and HF1 pulse transmitter are easily replaceable on site.

Measuring range: up to 1:16

Nominal size: DN 50 through DN 600

Special designs with larger nominal sizes up to DN 1000

are possible.

#### Pressure rating:

PN 10 through PN 100, ANSI 150 through ANSI 600

Special designs with a higher pressure rating are

possible.

#### Operating temperature range:

Standard design: -10°C to +50°C

Special designs for higher and/or lower temperatures

are possible.

#### **Explosion protection**

The pulse transmitters are intrinsically safe; their type of protection is EEx ib IIC T6. Therefore, the TRZ 03-K can be operated in Zone 1.

#### Long service life

#### p\_-connection

To connect the pressure transmitter of a PTZ corrector.

#### Manufacturer's test certificate

In compliance with EN 10204/2.3, for strength and leak testing.

#### **Materials**

#### Rotor:

Delrin for DN 50 to DN 200 and PN 10 / PN 16.

Aluminium alloy for all other diameters and pressure ratings and for meters with HF sensors.

Aluminium rotors instead of delrin rotors on special request.

#### Meter case material (standard)

|          | PN |    |    |          |    |     | ANSI |     |     |
|----------|----|----|----|----------|----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| DN       | 10 | 16 | 25 | 40       | 64 | 100 | 150  | 300 | 600 |
| 50       |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 80       |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 100      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 150      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 200      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 250      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 300      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 400      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 500      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| 600      |    |    |    |          |    |     |      |     |     |
| <u> </u> |    |    |    | <u> </u> |    |     |      |     |     |

Steel Spheroidal cast iron Steel, welded

Any material available on special request.

# ACCURANCY, APPROVAL, PRESSURE LOSS

#### **Accuracy**

Error limits (standard):

 $\pm 2\%$  for Qmin to 0.2 Qmax (DN 50, DN 80:  $\pm 3\%$ )  $\pm 1\%$  for 0.2 Qmax to Qmax (DN 50:  $\pm 1.5\%$ )

These limits apply in the event of a steady, swirl-free flow. Higher accuracy available on special request.

Repeatability: ±0.1%

All gas meters are tested in the factory with air under

atmospheric pressure.

#### **Approvals**

The gas meters substantially comply with PTB and EC/EEC regulations (G120 3B of the EC dated September 6, 1971).

The TRZ 03-K Volumeter has been examined according to the pressure equipment directive 97/23/EC by DVGW and is registered under the product ident number CE-0085BN0292.

The TRZ 03-K Volumeter meets the OIML guideline IR-32/89, Annex A.

#### **Pressure loss**

The pressure loss  $\Delta p$  stated in the table applies to natural gas at  $Q_{max}$  and 1 bar. From this, the pressure loss at actual conditions can be calculated using the following formula:

Δp<sub>A</sub> = Pressure loss at actual conditions (pA, QA)

$$\Delta p_A = \Delta p \, \cdot \, \frac{\rho_N}{0.83} \, \cdot \, p_A \, \cdot \, \left( \frac{Q_A}{Q_{max}} \right)^2$$

Δp = Pressure loss at Q<sub>max</sub> with natural gas at

1 bar in mbar (see table)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \rho_{N} & = Standard \, density \, of \, the \, gas \, in \, kg/m^{3} \\ p_{A} & = Operating \, pressure \, in \, bar \, (absolute) \\ Q_{A} & = Flow \, rate \, at \, actual \, conditions \, in \, m^{3}/h \\ Q_{max} & = Maximum \, flow \, rate \, in \, m^{3}/h \, (see \, table) \end{array}$ 

Example:

Air,  $\rho_N$ =1.29 kg/m³, nominal meter size DN 100,  $Q_{max}$  = 400 m³/h, pA=1.1 bar(a), QA=250 m³/h. Take from the table:  $\Delta p$ =4 mbar.

Hence:

$$\Delta p_A = 4 \cdot \frac{1.29}{0.83} \cdot 1.1 \cdot \left( \frac{250}{400} \right)^2 \text{ mbar} = 2,7 \text{ mbar}$$

| Nominal<br>size<br>DN |     | Max. flow rate<br>Q <sub>max</sub> | V <sub>LF</sub> * | Δр           | HF-pulse<br>transmitter<br>(Option) |     |
|-----------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-----|
| mm                    | in. | m³/h                               | m³                | mbar         | HF2                                 | HF3 |
| 50                    | 2"  | 6-100                              | 0.1               | 5            | -                                   | -   |
| 80                    | 3"  | 13-160<br>16-250<br>25-400         | 1<br>1<br>1       | 2<br>6<br>14 | -                                   | •   |
| 100                   | 4"  | 25-400<br>40-650                   | 1<br>1            | 4<br>10      | -                                   | •   |
| 150                   | 6"  | 40-650<br>65-1000<br>100-1600      | 1<br>1<br>10      | 2<br>6<br>12 | -                                   | •   |
| 200                   | 8"  | 100-1600<br>160-2500               | 10<br>10          | 3            | -                                   | •   |
| 250                   | 10" | 160-2500<br>250-4000               | 10<br>10          | 3<br>7       | o                                   | •   |
| 300                   | 12" | 250-4000<br>400-6500               | 10<br>10          | 4<br>9       | 0                                   | ٥   |
| 400                   | 16" | 400-6500<br>650-10000              | 10<br>10          | ж 8          | •                                   | •   |
| 500                   | 20" | 650-10000<br>1000-<br>16000        | 10<br>100         | 4<br>9       | 0                                   | o   |
| 600                   | 24" | 1000-<br>16000<br>1600-<br>25000   | 100<br>100        | 4<br>9       | o                                   | •   |

 $<sup>{}^*</sup>V_{LF}$ : volume at actual conditions per LF-pulse

<sup>\*\*:</sup> G 4000-45/G 6500-45/G 10000-45

<sup>-</sup> not available

<sup>°</sup> not available for all pressure classes

<sup>•</sup> available for all pressure classes

# TYPES OF GAS, MOUNTING, OPERATING INSTRUCTION

#### Types of gas

The TRZ 03-K standard design is suitable for use with all gases in compliance with the DVGW code of practice G260. The materials used are appropriate for gases and fuel gases, such as natural gas, refinery gas, gaseous liquids and their mixtures, nitrogen, CO2 (dry), air and all inert gases. For aggressive gases (e.g. biogas, acid gas or ethylene), there are special designs available with PTFE lining, special material, special lubrication, etc.

# Perforated-plate straightener

#### Mounting and operating instruction

The TRZ 03-K Volumeters can be operated in horizontal or vertical position up to the nominal size of DN 150. For DN 200 the mounting position must be specified in the order. From the nominal size of DN 250, they can only be installed in a horizontal position.

#### Special instructions for startup and operation:

Turbine meters are precise measuring instruments and must therefore be carefully handled during transport, storage and operation.

Do not fill any downstream pipelines or station sections via the Volumeter. This may result in excessive flow rates with resultant damage to the turbine wheel.

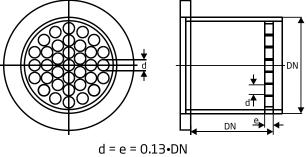
The gas meter has been designed for short-term overload operation at up to 1.2 times the value of Qmax. Such load conditions should be avoided, however, in order to protect the TRZ 03-K from any unnecessarily high flow rates.

The gas flow must be free of shocks or pulsations, foreign particles, dust or liquids. Otherwise it is recommended that filters and separators be installed.

No components affecting the gas flow are permitted directly upstream of the Volumeter (see DVGW guidelines and PTB guideline G 13).

In each case, a 2 DN inlet pipe and a 2 DN outlet pipe are required, while also a bend may be used as outlet pipe. If flow perturbation (e.g. due to a gas pressure controller) occurs upstream of the inlet pipe, it is additionally necessary to use a perforated-plate straightener. There are perforated-plate straighteners available complying with ISO 5167-1 or of the type RMG LP-35, the latter resulting in a pressure loss which is 2.5 times lower than that of the standardized flow straightener.

LP-35 perforated-plate straightener



Reducers or expansion fittings must be installed upstream of the inlet pipe, and their opening angle must not exceed 30°.

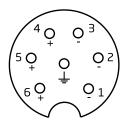
The gas meter must be installed in weather-proof locations. For outside installations, appropriate guards must be provided against direct weathering influences.

### PULSE OUTPUTS, MAINTENANCE, ORDER INFORMATION

#### **Pulse outputs**

The meter head is fitted with a reed contact as LF pulse transmitter as standard feature. But optionally, another two sensors can be fitted, e.g. another LF pulse transmitter (inductive sensor with output pulses complying with NAMUR or reed contact) and an HF1 pulse transmitter (NAMUR).

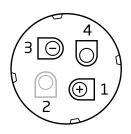
Connection is made by means of a 7-pin Binder plug:



1, 4: LF (reed contact) 2, 5: LF or HF 1-signal 3, 6: HF1 (NAMUR)

If only one LF pulse transmitter is fitted, it is always connected to the contacts 1 and 4; a single HF1 pulse transmitter is always connected to the contacts 3 and 6.

If high-frequency pulse transmitters (with output pulses complying with NAMUR) are fitted which scan either the turbine wheel (HF3) or the reference wheel (HF2), each of them is connected separately using a Binder plug at the front of the device:



1, 3: HF2 or HF3-signal

The contacts 2 and 4 are not assigned.

All pulse transmitters are intrinsically safe and may be connected only to certified intrinsically safe circuits for use in areas subject to explosion hazards.

Maximum pulse transmitter frequencies:

LF: 0.3 Hz HF1: 300 Hz HF2: 2.1 kHz HF3: 2.1 kHz

The phase displacement between the signals from the HF2 and HF3 pulse transmitters is 180°.

#### Maintenance

All turbine meters are fitted with a lubricator (DN 50 through DN 150: permanent lubrication, from PN 25/ ANSI 300 pushbutton pump; DN 200: pushbutton pump; from DN 250: lever pump).

Lubrication must be performed in compliance with the operating instructions (see also the lubrication instruction plate of the gas meter). If clean gas is used, lubrication is to be performed at 3-month intervals, whereas lubrication must be performed more frequently if dust- and/or condensate-laden gas is used.

#### **Order information**

- Nominal size of the pipeline
- Volumetric flow rate in Nm³/h or m³/h (min/max)
- Operating pressure (min/max) in bar g or bar a
- Operating temperature (min/max)
- Ambient temperature (min/max)
- Type of gas to be used
- Pressure rating and DIN or ANSI flange design
- Direction of flow / mounting position
- Accessories: inlet pipe, volume corrector, etc.
- Options: HF pulse outputs, etc.
- Special designs, e.g. for aggressive gases

# MEASURING RANGES, DIMENSIONS, WEIGHTS

#### Measuring ranges, dimensions, weights

| Nominal<br>size<br>mm | Measuring range<br>(m³/h) |                     | Pressure rating                    | Dimensions<br>mm |     | Weight<br>app. kg | Case design                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| inches                | Q <sub>min</sub>          | Q <sub>max</sub>    |                                    | L                | Н   |                   |                                       |
| 50<br>2"              | 6                         | 100                 | PN 10, 16, 25, 40<br>ANSI 150, 300 | 150              | 212 | 10                | Flanged                               |
| 80<br>3"              | 13<br>16<br>25            | 160<br>250<br>400   | PN 10, 16, 25, 40<br>ANSI 150      | 120              | 245 | 14                |                                       |
| 100<br>4"             | 25<br>40                  | 400<br>650          | PN 10, 16, 25, 40<br>ANSI 150      | 150              | 255 | 25                |                                       |
| 150<br>6"             | 40<br>65<br>100           | 650<br>1000<br>1600 | PN 10, 16, 25, 40<br>ANSI 150      | 175              | 285 | 40                |                                       |
| 200<br>8"             | 100<br>160                | 1600<br>2500        | PN 10, 16, 25, 40<br>ANSI 150      | 200              | 305 | 60                |                                       |
| 250<br>10"            | 160<br>250                | 2500<br>4000        | PN 10, 16, 25,<br>ANSI 150         | 300              | 300 | 70                | <b>←</b>                              |
| 300                   |                           | 4000                | PN 10, 16, 25<br>ANSI 150          | 300              | 365 | 100               |                                       |
| 12"                   | 400                       | 6500                | PN 40, 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600    | 450              | 415 | 200               |                                       |
| 400                   |                           | 6500<br>10000       | PN 10, 16, 25<br>ANSI 150          | 600              | 390 | 280               |                                       |
| 16"                   |                           |                     | PN 40, 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600    | 600              | 450 | 400               |                                       |
| 500                   |                           | 10000               | PN 10, 16, 25<br>ANSI 150          | 750              | 445 | 500               |                                       |
| 20"                   | 1000                      | 16000               | PN 40, 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600    | 750              | 515 | 650               |                                       |
| 600<br>24"            | 24"   1000                | 16000<br>25000      | PN 10, 16, 25<br>ANSI 150          | 900              | 465 | 650               |                                       |
|                       | 1600                      |                     | PN 40, 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600    | 900              | 580 | 850               |                                       |
| 50<br>2"              | 6                         | 100                 | PN 64, 100<br>ANSI 600             | 80               | 212 | 15                | Single-flanged                        |
| 80<br>3"              | 13<br>16<br>25            | 160<br>250<br>400   | PN 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600        | 120              | 245 | 35                |                                       |
| 100<br>4"             | 25<br>40                  | 400<br>650          | PN 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600        | 150              | 255 | 50                | Н                                     |
| 150<br>6"             | 40<br>65<br>100           | 650<br>1000<br>1600 | PN 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600        | 175              | 285 | 100               |                                       |
| 200<br>8"             | 100<br>160                | 1600<br>2500        | PN 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600        | 200              | 305 | 130               | ————————————————————————————————————— |
| 250<br>10"            | 160<br>250                | 2500<br>4000        | PN, 40, 64, 100<br>ANSI 300, 600   | 250              | 300 | 200               |                                       |

DN 700 to DN 1000 on request



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